NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

E.D. TABS

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Characteristics of Stayers, Movers, and Leavers: Results from the Teacher Followup Survey, 1988–89

Data Series: DR-SAS-88/89-1.0

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June 1991

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Highlights

- The attrition rate from the teaching profession between 1987-88 and 1988-89 was 5.6 percent in public schools and 12.7 percent in private schools.
- The rate at which public school teachers of general education subjects left the profession varied little by field. Science and math teachers, in particular, were no more likely to leave the teaching profession than teachers of other general education subjects such as English, reading, and social studies.
- Teacher attrition varied by teacher's age. The rate for public school teachers in the 50 or more age category was 9.8 percent; the rate in the less than 30 age category was 9 percent. In the 40 to 49 age category, the attrition rate was 2.3 percent.
- Almost all public school teachers who changed schools between school years 1987-88 and 1988-89 transferred to other public schools (92.6 percent), while only half (48 percent) of the private school teachers in 1987-88 who changed schools stayed in private schools (52 percent transferred to public schools).
- Among former public school teachers, 27.2 percent cited homemaking and/or child rearing as their primary occupation status in 1988-89. Another 24.8 percent said that they were retired. About 35 percent of former private school teachers said that they were working in an occupation outside of elementary or secondary education; another 30 percent said that they were engaged in homemaking and/or child rearing.
- About 18 percent of public school teachers who left the teaching profession between 1987-88 and 1988-89 and 12 percent of private school teachers who left in the same period expect to return to teaching in any of grades K through 12 in school year 1989-90.
- About two-thirds of public and private school teachers who stayed in the same school between school years 1987-88 and 1988-89 felt that "providing higher salaries or better fringe benefits" is the most effective step that schools might take to encourage teachers to remain in teaching. However, among former public school teachers who cited "dissatisfaction with the teaching as a career" as one of their main reasons for leaving the profession, 7.3 percent cited "poor salary" as their main area of dissatisfaction, while 26.4 percent cited "inadequate support from the administration" as their main area of dissatisfaction.

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Characteristics of Stayers, Movers, and Leavers: Results from the Teacher Followup Survey, 1988-89

Introduction

These tabulations on characteristics of movers, leavers, and stayers present data from the 1988-89 Teacher Followup Survey (TFS), a followup of a sample of public and private school teachers who responded to the Teacher Survey component of the 1987-88 Schools and Staffing Survey (SASS). The data presented include characteristics of teachers who left the teaching profession between school years 1987-88 and 1988-89 (leavers), teachers who changed schools during that period (movers), and teachers who stayed in the same school (stayers). In addition to characteristics of stayers, movers, and leavers, the tabulations include estimates of teacher attrition by field of assignment, reasons for leaving the teaching profession, and comparisons of former teachers' current occupation with the teaching profession. This report provides national estimates for all data.

The Schools and Staffing Survey and the Teacher Followup Survey were developed by the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics, and were conducted by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. The SASS was a mail survey which collected public and private sector data on the Nation's elementary and secondary teaching force, aspects of teacher supply and demand, teacher workplace conditions, characteristics of school administrators, and school policies and practices. The seven questionnaires of the SASS are as follows:

- 1. The Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Public School Districts (LEAs).
- The Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire for Private Schools.
- 3. The School Administrator Questionnaire.
- 4. The Public School Questionnaire.
- 5. The Private School Questionnaire.
- 6. The Public School Teachers Questionnaire.
- 7. The Private School Teachers Questionnaire.

The Teacher Followup Survey was also a mail questionnaire which collected followup information on a sample of public and private school teachers who had participated in the SASS. The purpose of the TFS was to determine the attrition rate for teachers, to determine the characteristics of those who stay in the teaching profession and those who leave, to obtain major activity/occupation data for those who leave the teaching profession and career patterns for those who remain in the profession, to obtain data on educational activities and future plans, and to obtain data on attitudes about the teaching profession and job satisfaction. The two questionnaires of the TFS are as follows:

- 1. Questionnaire for Current Teachers.
- 2. Questionnaire for Former Teachers.

The survey methodology is described in the Technical Notes section which follows presentation of the tables.

Table 1.--Attrition rates from the teaching profession, by main field of assignment: 1987-88 to 1988-89

	Public	Private
	in 1987-88	in 1987-88
Total	5.6	12.7
Kindergarten	3.1	10.5
General elementary	5.6	11.9
Art/music	4.2	17.6
Bilingual/ESL	5.6	18.0
Business	5.9	
English/language arts	8.5	18.7
Health	3.9	6.4
Home economics	6.6	
Industrial arts	3.7	
Math	4.9	10.9
Reading	5.1	
Social studies	5.0	8.4
Science total	5.4	9.2
Biology	3.2	8.5
Chemistry/physics	4.1	7.0
General science/earth science	7.1	10.9
Special education total	7.3	13.7
Mentally retarded	12.6	
Learning disabled	4.3	7.6
Other special education	8.4	23.7
Vocational education	6.7	
All others*	5.5	18.2

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate.

NOTE: The attrition rate is the percentage of teachers who left the teaching profession between school years 1987-88 and 1988-89 (percent "leavers").

^{*}Includes computer science, remedial education, religion, gifted, prekindergarten, foreign language, and all others.

Table 2.--Attrition rates from the teaching profession, by selected characteristics of teachers: 1987-88 to 1988-89

1987-88 base year	Public	Private
characteristics	in 1987-88	in 1987-88
Total	5.6	12.7
Sex		
Male	5.1	10.2
Female	5.8	13.4
Not reported		••
Age		
Less than 30	9.0	17.6
30 to 39	5.0	11.8
40 to 49	2.3	10.9
50 or more	9.8	12.2
Not reported	12.9	
Full-time teaching experience		
1 year	8.9	15.8
2 years	12.2	15.0
3 years	8.8	18.1
4 to 9 years	4.9	12.9
10 to 20 years	4.2	10.7
More than 20 years	5.7	11.0
Not reported	12.3	29.3
Degree earned		
Less than bachelor's	3.2	26.5
Bachelor's	5.6	12.7
Master's	5.5	10.4
Education specialist	6.3	23.3
Doctorate or professional	4.3	••
Race/ethnicity		
Am. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo	3.1	
Asian or Pacific Islander	4.2	
Black, non-hispanic	5.1	34.9
White, non-hispanic	5.7	12.1
Hispanic	2.9	21.2
Not reported	6.1	
Level taught		
Elementary	5.5	12.6
Secondary	5.6	12.9

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate.

Table 3.--Number and percentage of stayers, movers, and leavers by selected characteristics of teachers: 1988-89

						Private n 1987-88	
1987-88 base year characteristics	Stayers	Movers	Leavers	Stayers	Movers	Leavers	
Total	2,052,383	185,960	131,851	239,892	29,352	39,317	
Sex							
Male	608,663	49,885	35,284	54,020		6,606	
Female	1,437,351	135,242	96,007	185,872	25,300	32,711	
Not reported							
Age							
Less than 30	242,789	49,358	28,977	41,685	10,689	11,158	
30 to 39	688,013	69,979	40,084	87,300	9,497	12,981	
40 to 49	747,714	48,326	19,057	68,568	6,301	9,161	
50 or more	352,352	15,777	40,184	38,928	2,499	5,771	
Not reported							
Full-time teaching experience							
1 year	42,564	7,580	4,876	8,862	2,017	2,041	
2 years	36,480	6,266	5,928	10,583	1,990	2,227	
3 years	38,846	7,482	4,462	8,700	1,523	2,258	
4 to 9 years	234,707	32,687		52,365	•	-	
10 to 20 years	511,299	36,260		57,267	5,094	7,505	
More than 20 years	1,175,404	93,818	76,629	94,473	9,583	12,852	
Not reported			2,099	7,642		3,367	
Degree earned							
Less than bachelor's				8,375		3,460	
Bachelor's	1,053,848	107,044	68,421	142,611	19,490	23,533	
Master's	853,664	67,813	53,992	77,072	7,744	9,895	
Education specialist	107,824	9,463	7,927				
Doctorate or professional	**						
Race/ethnicity							
Am. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo							
Asian or Pacific Islander							
Black, non-hispanic	150,410	15,147	8,827				
White, non-hispanic	1,765,706	158,171	116,336	226,162	26,328	34,773	
Hispanic	54,430	4,961	1,776		·		
Not reported	30,868	·	·				
Level taught							
Elementary	1,029,411	113,911	66,458	121,282	17,076	19,863	
Secondary	1,022,972	72,049	65,393	118,609	12,276	19,454	

Table 3.--Number and percentage of stayers, movers, and leavers by selected characteristics of teachers: 1988-89--continued

	.	Public n 1987-88			Private in 1987-8	R
1987-88 base year	'	11 1901-00				
characteristics	Stayers	Movers	Leavers	Stayers	Movers	Leavers
Total	86.6%	7.9%	5.6%	77.8%	9.5%	12.7%
Sex						
Male	87.7	7.2	5.1	83.7	6.1	10.2
Female	86.1	8.1	5.8	76.2	10.4	13.4
Not reported						
Age						
Less than 30	75.6	15.4	9.0	65.6	16.8	17.6
30 to 39	86.2	8.8	5.0	79.5	8.7	11.8
40 to 49	91.7	5.9	2.3	81.6	7.5	10.9
50 or more	86.3	3.9	9.8	82.5	5.3	12.2
Not reported	78.0	9.1	12.9			
Full-time teaching experience						
1 year	77.4	13.8	8.9	68.6	15.6	15.8
2 years	75.0	12.9	12.2	71.5	13.5	15.1
3 years	76.5	14.7	8.8	69.7	12.2	18.1
4 to 9 years	83.4	11.6	4.9	74.7	12.3	12.9
10 to 20 years	89.5	6.3	4.2	82.0	7.3	10.7
More than 20 years	87.3	7.0	5.7	80.8	8.2	11.0
Not reported	76.7	11.0	12.3	66.4	4.3	29.3
Degree earned						
Less than bachelor's	96.3		3.2	64.1	9.4	26.5
Bachelor's	85.7	8.7	5.6	76.8	10.5	12.7
Master's	87.5	7.0	5.5	81.4	8.2	10.5
Education specialist	86.1	7.6	6.3	66.5	10.2	23.3
Doctorate or professional	88.4	7.3	4.3			
Race/ethnicity						
Am. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo	95.0	1.9	3.1			
Asian or Pacific Islander	73.7	22.2	4.2			
Black, non-hispanic	86.3	8.7	5.1	29.7	35.4	34.9
White, non-hispanic	86.6	7.8	5.7	78.7	9.2	12.1
Hispanic	89.0	8.1	2.9	68.6	10.2	21.2
Not reported	86.2	7.8	6.1	67.4	14.2	18.5
Level taught						
Elementary	85.1	9.4	5.5	76.7	10.8	12.6
Secondary	88.2	6.2	5.6	78.9	8.2	12.9

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate. Caution should be used in interpreting corresponding percentages.

NOTE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding. The definitions of "stayer," "mover," and "leaver" may be found in the technical notes.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Teacher Followup Survey, 1988-89.

Table 4.--Number and percentage of stayers, movers, and leavers by selected characteristics of schools: 1988-89

1987-88 base year	Publi	c in 1987	7-88	Priva	te în 198	n 1987-88	
characteristics	Stayers	Movers	Leavers	Stayers	Movers	Leavers	
Total	2,052,383	185,960	131,851	239,892	29,352	39,317	
School level							
Elementary	1,098,970	111,616	66,072	112,170	15,879	17,602	
Secondary	699,079	51,586	42,613	45,494	3,840	6,586	
Combined	98,152	6,221	7,737	53,912	6,036	11,068	
Not reported	156,182	16,537	15,430	28,316	3,598	4,061	
School size							
Less than 150	77,744	8,895	4,106	36,320	9,145	10,924	
150-299	200,608	23,424	12,763	73,043	7,701	11,081	
300-499	507,185	43,330	32,622	42,289	5,007	5,368	
500-749	488,663	41,802	32,086	30,723	2,143	3,306	
750 or more	622,002	51,973	34,844	29,200		4,578	
Not reported	156,182	16,537	15,430	28,316	3,598	4,061	
Minority status							
Less than 5%	614,686	47,969	35,749	84,762	10,074	14,454	
5 to 19%	481,906	42,138	32,158	80,739	7,306	10,162	
20 to 49%	413,043	35,597	24,358	24,522	3,167	6,431	
50% or more	386,566	43,719	24,157	21,552	5,207	4,209	
Not reported	156,182	16,537	15,430	28,316	3,598	4,061	
Community type							
Rural	1,004,375	86,606	63,217	56,352	9,187	11,693	
Suburban	417,254	30,966	25,098	62,537	5,575	7,647	
Urban	467,200	50,797	27,480	92,353	10,964	15,916	
Other	••						
Not reported	156,182	16,537	15,430	28,316	3,598	4,061	
Region							
Northeast	408,976	24,892	17,224	63,798	9,293	8,598	
Midwest	515,977	44,150	31,873	63,987	6,814	7,366	
South	655,569	70,253	45,222	54,591	5,830	12,112	
West	315,680	30,128	22,102	29,200	3,817	7,179	
Not reported	156,182	16,537	15,430	28,316	3,598	4,061	

Table 4.--Number and percentage of stayers, movers, and leavers by selected characteristics of schools: 1988-89--continued

1007-00 been year	Publ i	c in 1987	7-88	Priva	ite in 198	37-88
1987-88 base year characteristics	Stayers	Movers	Leavers	Stayers	Movers	Leavers
Total	86.6%	7.8%	5.6%	77.7%	9.5%	12.7%
School level						
Elementary	86.1	8.7	5.2	77.0	10.9	12.1
Secondary	88.1	6.5	5.4	81.4	6.9	11.8
Combined	87.5	5.5	6.9	75.9	8.5	15.6
Not reported	83.0	8.8	8.2	78.7	10.0	11.3
School size						
Less than 150	85.7	9.8	4.5	64.4	16.2	19.4
150-299	84.7	9.9	5.4	79.5	8.4	12.1
300-499	87.0	7.4	5.6	80.3	9.5	10.2
500-749	86.9	7.4	5.7	84.9	5.9	9.1
750 or more	87.8	7.3	4.9	86.4	0.0	13.6
Not reported	83.0	8.8	8.2	78.7	10.0	11.3
Minority status						
Less than 5%	88.0	6.9	5.1	77.6	9.2	13.2
5 to 19%	86.6	7.6	5.8	82.2	7.4	10.3
20 to 49%	87.3	7.5	5.1	71.9	9.3	18.8
50% or more	85.1	9.6	5.3	69.6	16.8	13.6
Not reported	83.0	8.8	8.2	78.7	10.0	11.3
Community type						
Rural	87.0	7.5	5.5	73.0	11.9	15.1
Suburban	88.2	6.5	5.3	82.5	7.4	10.1
Urban	85.6	9.3	5.0	77.5	9.2	13.3
Other	81.4	11.6	6.9	92.1	7.9	0.0
Not reported	83.0	8.8	8.2	78.7	10.0	11.3
Region						
Northeast	90.7	5.5	3.8	78.1	11.4	10.5
Midwest	87.2	7.5	5.4	81.9	8.7	9.4
South	85.0	9.1	5.9	75.3	8.0	16.7
West	85.8	8.2	6.0	72.6	9.5	17.9
Not reported	83.0	8.8	8.2	78.7	10.0	11.3

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate. Caution should be used in interpreting corresponding percentages.

NOTE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding. Nonresponse in this table is due to total survey nonresponse from some schools in the 1987-88 SASS.

Table 5.--Characteristics of schools to which teachers moved: 1988-89

		ic in 37-88	Priva 198	te in 7-88
TFS school			 -	
characteristics	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	185,960	100.0%	29,352	100.0%
Sector				
Public	172,222	92.6	14,381	49.0
Private	4,853	2.6	14,091	48.0
Not reported		4.8		3.0
Region				
Northeast	28,578	15.4	10,389	35.4
Midwest	45,793	24.6	6,628	22.6
South	75,971	40.9	7,860	26.8
West	35,618	19.2	4,476	15.2
Community type				
Rural	82,740	44.5	10,274	35.0
Suburban	32,702	17.6	6,139	20.9
Urban	68,645	36.9	12,386	42.2
Other		0.1	`	
Not reported		0.8	••	1.9

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate. Caution should be used in interpreting the corresponding percentages.

Table 6.--Current primary occupational status of former teachers: 1988-89

	Public ir	1987-88	Private in	1987-88
Primary occupational status	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	131,851	100.0%	39,317	100.0%
Working in an elementary or secondary school with an assignment other than				
teaching	22,617	17.2	3,621	9.2
Working in an occupation outside of elementary or secondary education	23,522	17.8	13,853	35.2
Attending a college or university	7,255	5.5	3,921	10.0
Homemaking and/or child rearing	35,877	27.2	11,632	29.6
Retired	32,700	24.8	2,228	5.7
Disabled		0.7		0.4
Other "	8,935	6.8	3,927	10.0

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate. Caution should be used in interpreting corresponding percentages.

Table 7.--Current occupational status of former teachers working in an occupation outside of elementary or secondary education: 1988-89

	Public in	1987-88	Private in	1987-88
Job	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	23,522	100.0%	13,853	100.0%
Employee of a private company, business, or individual for wages, salary, or commission	14,046	59.7	10,040	72.5
Federal/State/Local government employee	4,563	19.4	1,593	11.5
Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm	3,704	15.7	1,680	12.1
Working without pay in a family business or farm				
Working without pay in a volunteer job				

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate.

Table 8.--Main reason why former teachers left the teaching profession: 1988-89

	Public in	1987-88	Private in 1987-88		
Reason	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	131,851	100.0%	39,317	100.0%	
amily or personal move	11,412	8.7	6,981	17.8	
regnancy/child rearing	24,857	18.9	8,280	21.1	
ealth	2,879	2.2		1.5	
o retire	29,454	22.3	2,144	5.5	
o pursue another career	17,644	13.4	4,182	10.6	
or better salary or benefits	5,887	4.5	3,569	9.1	
o take courses to improve career opportunities in the field of education	4,486	3.4	2,831	7.2	
take courses to improve career opportunities outside the field of education		1.4		1.8	
chool staffing action	7,558	5.7	2,744	7.0	
take a sabbatical or other break from teaching	7,137	5.4		4.5	
ssatisfied with teaching as a career	11,731	8.9	2,597	6.6	
her family or personal reason	6,348	4.8	2,596	6.6	
t reported		0.5		0.8	

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate. Caution should be used in interpreting corresponding percentages.

NOTE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding.

Table 9.--What current and former teachers expect their main activity will be during the next school year (1989-90): 1988-89

	Current te	eachers	Former teachers		
Activity	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total public in 1987-88	2,238,343	100.0%	131,851	100.0%	
Teaching any of grades K-12	2,099,421	93.8	23,388	17.7	
Teaching at pre-K or post-sec level		0.1	3,362	2.5	
Attending a college or university		0.3	5,582	4.2	
Working in non-tching occup. in education	19,694	0.9	23,373	17.7	
Working outside the field of education	19,017	0.8	17,394	13.2	
Homemaking and/or child rearing	11,441	0.5	20,131	15.3	
Unemployed and seeking work	•-	0.2		1.0	
Retired	29,882	1.3	27,011	20.5	
Other .	33,833	1.5	9,674	7.3	
Not reported	~ ~	0.5		0.5	
Total private in 1987-88	269,244	100.0%	39,317	100.0%	
Teaching any of grades K-12	239,338	88.9	4,841	12.3	
Teaching at pre-K or post-sec level		0.4		1.6	
Attending a college or university		1.0	3,686	9.4	
Working in non-tching occup. in education		1.4	3,221	8.2	
Working outside the field of education		1.6	8,307	21.1	
Homemaking and/or child rearing	6,991	2.6	10,234	26.0	
Unemployed and seeking work		0.1		1.7	
Retired		0.6	1,965	5.0	
Other	7,566	2.8	5,424	14.1	

 $[\]operatorname{\mathsf{--Too}}$ few cases for a reliable estimate. Caution should be used in interpreting corresponding percentages.

NOTE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding.

Table 10.--Percentage of former teachers who reported "dissatisfied with teaching as a career" as one of three main reasons for leaving the profession, by main area of dissatisfaction: 1988-89

•			
Area of dissatisfaction	Public in 1987-88	Private in 1987-88	
Total	100.0%	100.0%	
Poor opportunity for professional			
advancement	8.0	6.4	
Inadequate support from			
administration	26.4	22.2	
Unsafe working environment	0.9	0.0	
Lack of influence over school			
policies and practices	7.6	3.2	
Lack of control over own classrooms	2.2		
Lack of professional competence of			
colleagues	1.3	2.8	
Poor student motivation to learn	17.7	12.0	
Generally poor working conditions	3.6	7.7	
Class sizes too large	2.9	2.6	
Student discipline problems	7.5	16.5	
Poor salary	7.3	16.1	
Not reported	14.8	9.7	

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate.

NOTE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding. This table is based upon those former teachers (N=2,222) who reported that "dissatisfaction with teaching as a career" was one of their three main reasons for leaving the teaching profession.

Table 11.--Percentage of movers who reported "dissatisfied with the previous school" as one of three main reasons for changing schools, by main area of dissatisfaction: 1988-89

Area of dissatisfaction	Public in 1987-88	Private in 1987-88	
Area or aresectorate			
Total	100.0%	100.0%	
Poor opportunity for professional advancement	9.6	5.9	
advaricement	7,0	5.7	
Inadequate support from administration	38.0	42.7	
administration.	30.0	,	
Unsafe working environment	1.8	0.0	
Lack of influence over school			
policies and practices	4.8	2.2	
Lack of control over own classrooms	1.7	0.0	
Lack of professional competence of			
colleagues	4.8	5.6	
Poor student motivation to learn	5.6		
Generally poor working conditions	5.3	3.7	
Class sizes too large	5.1		
Student discipline problems	2.1	1.7	
Poor salary	2.3	22.3	
Not reported	19.4	14.7	

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate.

NOTE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding. This table is based upon those current teachers (N=1,747) who reported that being "dissatisfied with the previous school" was one of their three main reasons for leaving the school in which they had taught in 1987-88.

Table 12.--Percentage of teachers who think that each step is the most effective step that schools might take to encourage teachers to remain in teaching: 1988-89

Step	Stayers	Movers	Leavers
Total public in 1987-88	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Providing higher salaries or better fringe benefits	64.4	61.1	46.1
Improving opportunities for professional advancement	2.8	4.5	5.9
Dealing more effectively with student discipline and making schools safer	7.3	9.1	10.4
Giving teachers more authority in the school and in their own classrooms	5.5	4.5	9.1
Increasing standards for students' academic performance	1.3	1.6	2.8
Providing better resources and materials for classroom use	1.4	1.2	2.2
Decreasing class size	5.5	5.6	6.4
Reducing the paperwork burden on teachers	3.3	2.5	5.0
Providing more support for new teachers (e.g., mentor teacher programs)	1.1	1.4	1.5
Increasing parent involvement in the schools	1.4	1.5	1.3
Reducing teacher workload	3.1	3.3	3.0
Providing merit pay or other pay incentives to teachers	1.7	1.2	4.2
Providing teacher training in content areas and instructional methods	0.5	0.3	1.0
Not reported	0.5	2.2	1.3
Total private in 1987-88	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Providing higher salaries or better fringe benefits	64.7	51.8	51.4
Improving opportunities for professional advancement	5.5	2.1	3.1
Dealing more effectively with student discipline and making schools safer	5.7	10.8	15.3
Giving teachers more authority in the school and in their own classrooms	5.9	4.6	5.2
Increasing standards for students' academic performance	2.0	1.0	2.7
Providing better resources and materials for classroom use	1.7	1.0	0.9
Decreasing class size	3.3	6.9	2.4
Reducing the paperwork burden on teachers	2.6	5.4	2.6
Providing more support for new teachers (e.g., mentor teacher programs)	0.8	3.4	2.4
increasing parent involvement in the schools	1.3	2.5	3.0
Reducing teacher workload	1.8	3.2	6.9
Providing merit pay or other pay incentives to teachers	2.8	2.3	1.7
Providing teacher training in content areas and instructional methods	0.8	0.6	1.4
lot reported	1.4	4.5	1.0

Table 13.--Standard errors for attrition rates from the teaching profession, by main field of assignment: 1987-88 to 1988-89 (table 1)

	Public	Private
Total	0.30	0.85
Kindergarten	0.69	2.64
General elementary	0.63	1.23
Art/music	0.78	4.40
Bilingual/ESL	1.26	5,17
Business	2.27	
English/language arts	1.77	3.38
Health	0.83	2.99
Home economics	2.35	
Industrial arts	1.29	
Math	0.74	2.63
Reading	1.25	
Social studies	1.67	2.87
Science total	1.22	2.26
Biology	0.94	5.08
Chemistry/physics	2.07	4.13
General science/earth science	2.10	3.76
Special education total	1.23	9.21
Mentally retarded	4.27	
Learning disabled	0.64	10.25
Other special educat i on	2.52	18.19
Vocational education	2.48	
All others*	1.04	5.75

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate.

^{*}Includes computer science, remedial education, religion, gifted, prekindergarten, foreign language, and all others.

Table 14.--Standard errors for attrition rates from the teaching profession, by selected characteristics of teachers: 1987-88 to 1988-89 (table 2)

1987-88 base year	Public	Private
characteristics	in 1987-88	in 1987-88
Total	0.30	0.85
Sex		
Male	0.51	1.72
Female	0.38	0.92
Not reported		
Age		
Less than 30	1,12	1.85
30 to 39	0.45	1.58
40 to 49	0.32	1.79
50 or more	1.03	2.16
Not reported	7.04	
Full-time teaching experience		
1 year	2.32	3.65
2 years	3.61	3.19
3 years	1.98	4.05
4 to 9 years	0.55	2.38
10 to 20 years	0.56	1.78
More than 20 years	0.36	1.16
Not reported	3.33	6.74
Degree earned		
Less than bachelor's	1.06	5.64
Bachelor's	0.44	1.20
Master's	0.55	1.43
Education specialist	0.99	7.64
Doctorate or professional	2.37	
Race		
Am. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo	1.70	
Asian or Pacific Islander	2.77	
Black, non-hispanic White, non-hispanic	1.80	8.35
Hispanic	0.32 0.84	0.90
Not reported	0.84 2.26	6.50
evel		
Elementary	0.41	1.03
Secondary	0.38	1.30

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate.

Table 15.--Selected standard errors for number and percentage of stayers, movers, and leavers by selected characteristics of teachers: 1988-89 (table 3)

1987-88 base year	Pub	lic in 87-	88	Priv	ate in 87-	88
characteristics	Stayers	Movers	Leavers	Stayers	Movers	Leavers
Total	55,476.6	9,780.0	6,907.5	12,667.3	1,975.2	2,533.8
Sex						
Male	35,301.4	5,009.1	3,737.2	5,694.3	572.0	977.2
Female	48,014.0	7,758.5	5,949.7	10,217.4	1,704.1	2,472.1
Not reported						·
Age						
Less than 30	11,472.3	3,227.8	3,674.8	4,678.8	920.2	1,096.2
30 to 39	34,711.5	6,382.4	3,780.8	8,033.5	1,047.0	1,660.6
40 to 49	38,014.5	5,597.4	2,837.8	6,086.2	1,152.3	1,544.2
50 or more	20,228.1	3,362.8	4,045.3	5,492.5	669.7	857.1
Not reported						
Degree earned						
Less than bachelor's				2,262.0		660.4
Bachelor's	38,039.8	6,300.7	5,437.1	9,516.9	1,380.4	1,769.7
Master's	38,393.6	7,521.9	4,996.3	7,462.9	1,030.9	1,623.9
Education specialist	11,711.3	2,040.4	845.7			
Doctorate or professional	**					
Race						
Am. Indian, Aleut, Eskimò						
Asian or Pacific Islander						
Black, non-hispanic	16,424.7	1,389.4	2,912.0			
White, non-hispanic	48,810.4	9,627.4	6,144.1	12,712.7	1,795.0	2,732.7
Hispanic	10,648.7	1,155.2	358.9	·		
Not reported	8,258.1					
Level						
Elementary	36,096.5	7,486.3	4,619.3	7,594.3	1,248.2	1,832.2
Secondary	39,606.1	5,509.3	5,187.3	9,369.1	1,549.6	1,800.8

⁻⁻ Too few cases for a reliable estimate.

Table 16.--Standard errors for characteristics of schools to which teachers moved: 1988-89 (table 5)

		ic in 7-88	Priva 198	te in 7-88
TFS school characteristics	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	9,780		1,975	
Sector				
Public	9,073	1.80	1,217	2.93
Private	1,011	0.56	1,300	3.03
Not reported		1.74		1.81
Region				
Northeast	782	1.76	1,135	4.36
Midwest	2,520	2.17	566	3.18
South	3,093	2.55	319	3.00
West	9,095	2.22	1,747	2.12
Community type				
Rural	6,808	2.90	1,321	3.77
Suburban	3,532	1.75	855	2.71
Urban	6,375	2.59	1,277	3.47
Other		0.06		
Not reported		0.29		1.33

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate. Caution should be used in interpreting the corresponding percentages.

Table 17.--Selected standard errors for main reason why former teachers left the teaching profession: 1988-89 (table 8)

	Public in	1987-88	Private in	1987-88
Reason	Number	Percent	Number F	Percent
Family or personal move	2,111.2	1,52	1,121.8	2.61
Pregnancy/child rearing	4,073.4	2.84	1,536.4	3.34
To retire	3,482.2	2.39	559.7	1.37
To pursue another career	3,318.0	2.40	738,4	1.78
To take courses to improve career opportunities outsi the field of education	de 	0.39	•	0.89

⁻⁻Too few cases for a reliable estimate.

Table 18.--Selected standard errors for percentage of teachers who think that each step is the most effective step that schools might take to encourage teachers to remain in teaching: 1988-89 (table 12)

Step	Stayers	Movers	Leavers
Public			
Providing higher salaries or better fringe benefits	1.40	2.20	2.83
Decreasing class size	0.60	0.79	1.36
Increasing parent involvement in the schools	0.34	0.46	0.34
Private			
Providing higher salaries or better fringe benefits	2.35	4.02	2.84
Decreasing class size	0.66	1.81	0.61
Increasing parent involvement in the schools	0.51	0.91	1.48

Technical Notes

Sample Selection

Teachers were selected for the Teacher Followup Survey based upon their participation in the 1987-88 Schools and Staffing Survey. The following sections describe how schools and teachers were selected for the 1987-88 SASS, and subsequently for the Teacher Followup Survey.

Selection of schools for SASS

The public school sample of 9,317 schools was selected from the Quality Education Data (QED) file of public schools. All public schools in the file were stratified by the 50 States and the District of Columbia, and then by three grade levels (elementary, secondary, and combined). For each stratum within each state, sample schools were selected by systematic (interval) sampling with probability proportional to the square root of the number of teachers within a school.

All 3.513 private schools in the private school sample received both a Teacher Demand and Shortage Questionnaire and a Private School Questionnaire. The private school sample was selected primarily from the QED file of private schools. this list of private schools did not fully cover all private schools in the country, two additional steps were taken to improve coverage. The first step was to update the QED file with current lists of schools from 17 private school associations. All private schools on the QED $fiar{l}e$ and the lists from the private associations were then stratified by state, grade level, and affiliation. Sample schools were then selected by systematic (interval) sampling within each stratum, with probability proportional to the square root of the number of teachers. second step was to include an area frame of schools, contained in 75 probability selected Primary Sampling Units (PSUs), each PSU consisting of a county or group of counties. The PSUs were stratified by Census geographic region: Northeast, West, South, and Midwest; Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status (MSA or non MSA); and private school enrollment (two groups). These PSUs were selected from the universe of 2,497 PSUs with probability proportional to the square root of the PSU population. Within each of the 75 PSUs, a telephone search was made to find all eligible (in scope) private schools, using such sources as yellow pages, Non-Roman Catholic religious institutions, local education agencies, chambers of commerce, local government offices, commercial milk companies, and commercial real estate offices. Roman Catholic religious institutions were not contacted because OED calls each Catholic diocese during its annual list update. All schools not on the QED file or the lists from the private school associations were eliqible to be selected for the area sample. Most of these schools were selected with certainty.

However, when sampling was performed, schools in the area frame that could be contacted were sampled with probability proportional to the square root of the number of teachers, and those that could not be contacted were selected using a systematic equal probability sampling procedure. A private school was declared out-of-scope and excluded from the sample if it did not have any students in any of grades 1-12, if it operated in a private home that was used as a family residence, or if it was undetermined whether it operated in a private home and its enrollment was less than 10 students or it had only one teacher.

Selection of teachers for SASS

All 56,242 public and 11,529 private school teachers in the teacher samples were selected from the 9,317 public and 3,513 private sample schools. A list which included all full-time and part-time teachers, itinerant teachers, and long-term substitutes was obtained from each sample school. Within each school, teachers were stratified by experience; one stratum included new teachers, and a second stratum included all other teachers. New teachers were those who, counting the 1987-88 school year, were in the first, second, or third year of their teaching career in either a public or private school system. Within each teacher stratum, elementary and secondary teachers were sorted by subject. Elementary teachers were sorted by General Elementary Education, Special Education, and other; Secondary teachers were sorted by Mathematics, Science, English, Social Science, Vocational Education, and other.

The public and private school teacher samples were each designed to include a basic sample and a Bilingual/ESL(English as a Second Language) supplement. The Bilingual/ESL supplement treated as one group teachers who use a native language other than English to instruct students having limited English proficiency, and teachers who provide students having limited English proficiency with intensive instruction in English. The supplement was funded by the Department of Education's Office of Bilingual Education and Minority Language Affairs (OBEMLA) in order to obtain more reliable estimates of Bilingual/ESL teachers.

The basic sample of teachers was allocated to the sample schools in each stratum so that the teacher weights were approximately equal. The specified average teacher sample size for each sample school (4, 8, and 6 teachers for each public elementary, secondary, and combined school, respectively, and 4, 5, and 3 teachers for each private elementary, secondary, and combined school, respectively) was then allocated to the two teacher strata to obtain a 60 percent oversampling of new private school teachers. New teachers were not oversampled in the public sector. Finally, an equal probability systematic sampling scheme

was applied to select the basic sample within each school. The Bilingual/ESL supplement was selected independently from the basic sample, and was designed to provide estimates for California, Texas, Florida, Illinois, New York, and all other States combined. Within a school containing Bilingual/ESL teachers, teachers were selected systematically with equal probability.

The sample sizes were as follows:

Basic samples

Public 54,340
Private 11,412
Bilingual/ESL supplement samples
Public 2,258
Private 183

Bilingual/ESL teachers selected in both the basic and supplement samples were unduplicated so that each teacher appears only once in the combined sample of Bilingual/ESL and all other teachers.

In the data collection phase of the survey, a subsample of nonmail returns (57 percent of nonmail returns) was followed up by telephone during April, May, and June. This subsample had their weights adjusted to reflect the subsampling.

More detailed information about the sampling will be available from a forthcoming technical report.

Selection of teachers for the Teacher Followup Survey

Within each public stratum, responding SASS teachers were sorted by Census Region by Urbanicity by Teacher Subject by School Enrollment. Within each private stratum, responding teachers were sorted by Affiliation by Urbanicity by Teacher Subject by School Enrollment.

After the teachers were sorted, teachers were selected within each stratum using a probability proportional to size sampling procedure. The measure of size was the SASS basic weight (inverse of the probability of selecting a teacher in the SASS teacher sample). This sample allocation yielded a total sample size of 7,172 teachers, 2,987 leavers and 4,185 stayers and movers.

Data Collection Procedures

The Census Bureau was the data collection agency for the Teacher Followup Survey, which took place during the 1988-89 school year. The TFS was conducted in two phases. The first phase consisted of contacting schools to determine present

occupational status of teachers who were selected for the teacher sample in the 1988 SASS. In late October, the Census Bureau mailed the Teacher Status Form to 11,584 schools (8,733 public and 2,851 private) nationally. The school principal or head was asked to complete the form, indicating whether the teacher was still at the school in a teaching or non-teaching capacity, or had left the school to teach elsewhere or for a non-teaching occupation.

Phase II of the TFS commenced in March 1989. The first questionnaire, Questionnaire for Former Teachers, was sent to 2,987 sample persons who were reported by school administrators as having <u>left</u> the teaching profession. The second questionnaire, the Questionnaire for Current Teachers, was sent to 4,185 sample persons who were reported as still teaching at the elementary or secondary level. Both questionnaires were mailed to teachers at their home addresses. The respondents were requested to complete the questionnaire and return it to the Census Bureau.

For respondents who did not return a questionnaire within four to five weeks, the Census Bureau conducted a second mailout. The telephone follow-up of all nonrespondents to the second mailout began in May 1989. Field follow-up of nonrespondents closed out on July 7, 1989.

Survey Response Rates

The following table summarizes the overall weighted response rates for the Teacher Followup Survey.

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Public</u>	<u>Private</u>
Total	97.2	97.3	96.0
Former Teacher form	93.5	93.6	93.1
Current Teacher form	97.4	97.5	96.6

Item Descriptions

The Questionnaire for Current Teachers (stayers and movers) is shown in appendix A-1. The Questionnaire for Former Teachers (leavers) is shown in appendix A-2.

Item Response Rates

The following table is a brief summary of the weighted item response rates for the items from the two questionnaires of the

Teacher Followup Survey which are presented in these tables.

	Range of item response rates	Percentage items with a response rate of 90% or more	Percentage items with a response rate less than 80%	Items with a response rate less than 80%
Former form	86–100%	97%	0%	N/A
Current form	78-100%	96%	4%	13(E)

The teacher followup survey was not imputed for item nonresponse. Item nonresponse in the tables is shown by rows labeled "not reported"; other items had 100 percent response.

Standard errors

The estimates in these tables are based on samples and are subject to sampling variability. Standard errors were estimated using a balanced repeated replication procedure that incorporates the design features of this complex sample survey. The standard errors provide indications of the accuracy of each estimate. all possible samples of the same size were surveyed under the same conditions, an interval of 1.96 standard errors below to 1.96 standard errors above a particular statistic would include the universe value in approximately 95 percent of the cases. Note, however, that the standard errors in the tables do not take into account the effects of biases due to item nonresponse, measurement error, data processing error, or other systematic error. Selected standard errors are presented in tables 13 through 18. Standard errors for other estimates are available upon request.

Definitions

Teacher

A teacher is defined as any full-time or part-time teacher whose school reported that their primary assignment was teaching in any of grades K-12. Itinerant teachers were included, as well as long-term substitutes who were filling the role of a regular teacher on an indefinite basis. An itinerant teacher is defined as a teacher who teaches at more than one school.

Leavers

Leavers are SASS teachers who left the teaching profession between school years 1987-88 and 1988-89.

Movers

Movers are SASS teachers who moved to a different school between school years 1987-88 and 1988-89.

Stayers

Stayers are SASS teachers who stayed in the same school between school years 1987-88 and 1988-89.

Public School

A public school is defined as an institution which provides educational services, has one or more teachers to give instruction, is located in one or more buildings, receives public funds as primary support, and is operated by an education agency. Prison schools, schools operated by the Department of Defense and the Bureau of Indian Affairs were included.

Private School

A private school is defined as a school not in the public system that provides instruction for any of grades 1-12 where the instruction is not given exclusively in a private home. Schools which provided instruction for grade K were included if they also had any of grades 1 through 12.

Elementary School

An elementary school is defined as a school which has no grade higher than 8 and at least one grade of 6 or below.

Secondary School

A secondary school is defined as a school which has no grade less than 7.

Combined School

A combined school is defined as a school which has at least one grade of 6 or below and at least one grade of 9 or above.

Acknowledgments

The draft manuscript of this report was reviewed within the Department of Education by Debra Gerald, Statistical Standards and Methodology Division, and John Grymes, Data Development Division. Iris R. Weiss, Horizon Research, Inc., and F. Howard Nelson, American Federation of Teachers served as external reviewers. Carol L. Antishin of Pinkerton Computer Consultants prepared the tables in final form. Marilyn Miles McMillen,

Elementary/Secondary Education Statistics Division, was the mathematical-statistical consultant for the report.

Information About Public Use Data Tape

The estimates presented in this publication may differ very slightly from those produced from the public use data tape for the Teacher Followup Survey due to a revision of the final weight in the fifth decimal place on the tape. These differences are small relative to the standard errors of the estimates which reflect sampling variability. For example, a few of the percentages listed in Table 1 of this publication may vary by one-tenth of one percent, but most of the percentages will not change. In Table 4 of this publication, the total estimate of 2,052,383 stayers will show up as 2,065,839 on the tape. This difference of 13,456 stayers is small relative to the standard error of 55,896.

For More Information

For more information about this report or the Teacher Followup Survey, contact Sharon A. Bobbitt, Elementary/Secondary Education Statistics Division, National Center for Education Statistics, U.S. Department of Education, 555 New Jersey Ave. NW, Washington, DC, 20208-5651, telephone (202) 219-1461.

Appendix A-1

Teacher Followup Survey

Questionnaire for Current Teachers

OMB No.1850-0621 Approval Expires December 31, 1989

This report is authorized by the General Education Provisions Act (20 USC 1221e-1). Your answers will be kept strictly confidential. The release of information contained on this form is restricted in conformance with Public Law 100-297.

Are you currently teaching —
full-time, part-time, or as a long-term
substitute— in grades K through 12?

002



Please continue with this survey.

Stop now and return this form to the Census Bureau in the enclosed envelope. You will be sent another form for teachers who have left their teaching positions.

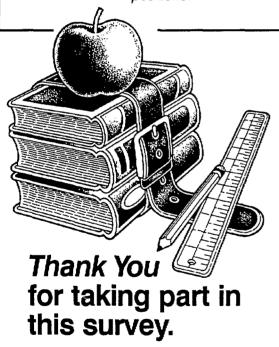
INSTRUCTIONS

Unless otherwise indicated, all questions refer to the 1988-89 school year.

If you are unsure about how to answer a question, please give the best answer you can and make a comment in the "Remarks" section.

If you have any questions, call the Bureau of the Census collect at (301)763-2220.

RETURN TO Bureau of the Census Current Projects Branch 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, IN 47132



U.S. Department of Commerce BUREAU OF THE CENSUS Acting as Collecting Agent for U.S. Department of Education NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

003 3 S OFFICE USE ONLY
FORM TFS-3 S (2-14-89)



s	ECTION I — EMPLOYMENT AND TEACHING STA	TUS
1.	Of the following, which is your current PRIMARY status and which, if any, is your current SECONDARY status? Primary and secondary status is defined in terms of the amount of time you spend on each during the normal work week. If your time is equally divided between two occupations or activities, e.g., you are retired but have returned half time to teaching, list either one as primary and the other as secondary. Select only one primary and one secondary status code. 1 Teaching in an elementary or secondary school with an assignment OTHER THAN teaching 3 Working in an occupation outside of elementary or secondary education 4 Attending a college or university 5 Homemaking and/or child rearing 6 Retired 7 Other — Please specify	Primary status Secondary status 106 1 Check here if your time is equally divided between your primary and secondary status
2.	Which of the following categories describes your position as a school EMPLOYEE? Mark (X) only one box.	107 1 Full-time employee 2 ¾ time or more, but less than full-time employee 3 ½ time or more, but less than ¾ time employee 4 ¼ time or more, but less than ½ time employee 5 Less than ¼ time employee
За.	Which of the following categories describes your position as a TEACHER at your school? Mark (X) only one box.	108 1 Full-time teacher 2 % time or more, but less than full-time teacher 3 % time or more, but less than % time teacher 4 % time or more, but less than % time teacher 5 Less than % time teacher
b.	Which of the following categories best describes your teaching assignment? Mark (X) only one box.	1 109 1 Regular full-time or part-time teacher 2 Itinerant teacher (i.e., your assignment requires you to provide instruction at more than one school) 3 Long-term substitute (i.e., your assignment requires that you fill the role of a regular teacher on an indefinite basis, but you are still considered a substitute)
4.	If you are a full-time school or district employee with less than a full-time teaching assignment, which of the following categories best describes your other school assignment? Mark (X) only one box.	Administrator (e.g., principal, assistant principal, director, head) 2 Nonteaching specialist (e.g., counselor, librarian) 3 Resource person for other teachers (e.g., department head, resource teacher, curriculum coordinator, mentor teacher) 4 Support staff (e.g., secretary, aide) 5 Coach 6 Other — Specify

s	SECTION I - EMPLOYMENT AND TEACHING STATUS - Continued					
TEACHING ASSIGNMENT FIELD CODE NUMBERS FOR QUESTIONS 5a AND b						
02 03 Spc 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11	Pre-kindergarten Kindergarten General elementary scial Areas Art Basic skills and remedial education¹ Bilingual education¹ Business education Computer science English/language arts English as a second language Foreign language Gifted¹ your primary or secondary assignment	Special Areas (Continued) 13 Health, physical education 14 Home economics 15 Industrial arts 16 Mathematics 17 Music 18 Reading 19 Religion/philosophy 20 Social studies/social science	22 Chemistry 23 Earth science/g 24 Physics 25 General and all	geology other science	Special Education 26 Mentally retard 27 Emotionally die 28 Learning disab 29 Speech and he 30 Other special of 31 Vocational edu 32 ALL OTHERS	ded sturbed led aaring impaired education
GIF or g	TED, and as part of that assignment you ifted science), record the code for Basi What is your current primar	ou teach a specific subject area ic skills, Bilingual education, or y teaching assignment	(e.g., remedial math, bilir Gifted as the assignment	ngual social studie		
	field at THIS SCHOOL, that you teach the most classes? (Use the code numbers listed assignment field. If your teach equally between two fields, reprimary assignment for this quand record the second field in	above to record your ning schedule is divided cord either field as your lestion, mark box 1,		schedule equ	ment field cod	е
b.	Do you have a secondary tea field at THIS SCHOOL, that classes in other fields?	aching assignment is, are some of your	(U	what field do ye second most se the assignment des listed above	classes?	-
6a.	Do you have a teaching cert state in your —	ificate in this			If "Yes" in	column (a)
b.	(1) Primary assignment field (2) Secondary assignment fi If you do, what type of certifi	ield, if any?	Field	Have state certification?	certification	Certificate granted within the last year
	you hold in each field? (Use below for type of certification.	the codes		(a) 115	(b)	(c)
C.	Was this certificate granted	within the last year?	(1) Primary assignment	1 ☐ Yes		1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No
	Codes for certification 1 Regular or standard state certification offered in your state)	on (the standard	field			
	2 Probationary certification (the initial satisfying all requirements except the probationary period) 3 Temporary, provisional, or emergen additional coursework before regular obtained) 4 Full certification by accrediting or compared to the probability of the	ne completion of a cy certification (requires or certification can be	(2) Secondary assignment field (if any)	118 1 Yes 2 No	119	1 Yes 2 No
7.	In what grade levels are the your classes at this school? Mark (X) all that apply.	students in	121 01 Pre-kinde * 02 Kinderga 03 1st 04 2nd 05 3rd 06 4th 122 07 5th * 08 6th 09 7th	- L	123 10	n th th th th th

s	ECTION I — EMPLOYMENT AND TEACHING ST	ATUS -	Continued	
8.	Which of the following best describes the community in which your present school is located? Mark (X) only one box.		A small of that is not that it is not that	r farming community city or town of fewer than 50,000 people of a suburb of a larger city m-sized city (50,000 to 100,000 people) of a medium-sized city city (100,000 to 500,000 people) of a large city arge city (over 500,000 people) of a very large city y base or station n reservation
9.	Are you currently teaching in the SAME school as you were last year when you completed the teacher survey?			KIP to question 14 on page 6 ontinue with question 10
10.	Are you currently teaching in the same state as you were last year when you completed the teacher survey?		☐ Yes ☐ No — In you tea	which state or country are ching now? 7
11,	Which of the following best describes your move from last year's school to this year's school? Mark (X) only one box.		to anoth SAME s Moved f district t school c Moved f to a pub Moved f another	rom a private school lic school rom one private school to private school to rom a public school to
12.	Is the private school in which you currently teach affiliated with the Roman Catholic Church or another religious organization, or is it non-religious? Mark (X) only one box.	1		s — Roman Catholic s — Non-Roman Catholic igious
Rem	arks			

s	SECTION I — EMPLOYMENT AND TEACHING STATUS — Continued						
	POSSIBLE REASONS FOR LEAVING PREVIOUS SCHOOL (Use codes in questions 13a, b, and c)						
	 Family or personal move For better salary or benefits For a better teaching assignment (subject area or grade level) 	 School staffing action (e.g., reduction-in-force, lay-off, school closing, school reorganization, reassignment) Dissatisfied with the previous school 					
13a.	What was your main reason for leaving the	137					
	school in which you taught last year?	Main reason — Enter code from above					
b.	Did you have a second reason for leaving?	138 1 Yes — What was your second reason? [139] (Enter code, then continue with 13c) 2 No — SKIP to question 13d					
C.	Did you have a third reason for leaving?	140 1 Yes — What was your third reason? (Enter code)					
13d.	Did you enter code 5 for one of your reasons in question 13a, b, or c?	1 142 1 Yes — Continue with question 13e 2 No — SKIP to question 14					
		AS OF DISSATISFACTION n questions 13e, f, and g)					
	01 Poor opportunity for professional advancement	06 Lack of professional competence of colleagues					
	02 Inadequate support from administration	07 Poor student motivation to learn					
	03 Unsafe working environment 04 Lack of influence over school policies	08 Generally poor working conditions 09 Class sizes too large					
	and practices	10 Student discipline problems					
	05 Lack of control over own classroom	11 Poor salary					
13e.	What was your main area of dissatisfaction with teaching in your previous school?	Main dissatisfaction — Enter code from above					
f.	Did you have a second area of dissatisfaction?	144 1 Yes — What was your second area? 145 (Enter code, then continue with 13g) 2 No — SKIP to question 14					
g.	Did you have a third area of dissatisfaction?	146 1 Yes — What was your third area? (Enter code)					
Rema	rks						
		ļ					

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Page 5

14.	Have you earned any nev	v degrees in the	148 1 Yes - Continue	•		
	past year?		2 ☐ No — SKIP to q	uestion 19		
15.	When did you earn this d	egree?	149 150 Month	1 9		
16.	What type of degree is it	?	151 1 Bachelor's			
	Mark (X) only one box.		2 Master's 3 Education specialist or professional diploma (at least one year beyond master's level) 4 Doctorate (e.g., Ph.D., Ed.D.) 5 Professional (e.g., M.D., D.D.S., J.D., L.L.B.)			
	OFN		RS FOR QUESTIONS 17 AND 2			
	_	ERAL		ATION		
	11 Agriculture and natural resources 12 Architecture and environmental design 13 Area and ethnic studies 14 Biological/life science 15 Business and management 16 Communications 17 Computer and information sciences 18 Engineering 19 Fine and applied arts 20 Foreign languages 21 Health professions 22 Home economics 23 Law 24 Letters (English, literature, speech, classics) 25 Library science 26 Mathematics 27 Millitary science 28 Multi/interdisciplinary studies 29 Philosophy and religion 30 Psychology 31 Public affairs and services 32 Theology	Physical sciences 33 Chemistry 34 Physics 35 Geology/earth science 36 Other physical sciences Social sciences 37 Economics 38 History 39 Political science and government 40 Sociology 41 Other social sciences 42 Other	General education 51 Elementary education 52 Pre-elementary/early childhood education 53 Secondary education 53 Secondary education 54 Agricultural education 55 Art education 56 Bilingual education 57 Business, commerce, and distributive education 58 English as a second langua 59 English education 60 Foreign languages education 11 Home economics education 12 Industrial arts, vocational at technical education 13 Mathematics education 14 Music education 15 Physical education/health education 16 Reading education 17 Science education 18 Social studies/social scien education	Other education 80 Curriculum and instruction 81 Educational administration 82 Educational psychology 83 Student personnel and counseling 84 Other education		
17.	What is the major field or degree? (Use the field cod question.)	f study for your NEW des above in filling out this	152 Major fi	ield		
18.	For what purpose did you	u earn this degree?	153 1 To increase sala	arv		
	Mark (X) only one box.		2 For professiona 3 To teach in a dir taught last year 4 For a nonteachi secondary educ	I development in current field fferent field than the one ng position in elementary or		
			6 □ Other − Specif			
19.	Are you currently enrolle	ed in a degree program?	154 1 No - SKIP to q			
	Mark (X) only one box.		2 Yes, as a full-ting 3 Yes, as a part-t	me student <i>Continue with</i>		

What type of degree are you pursuing? Mark (X) only one box.	155	1 ☐ Bachelor's 2 ☐ Master's 3 ☐ Education specialist or professional diploma 4 ☐ Doctorate (e.g., Ph.D., Ed.D.) 5 ☐ Professional (e.g., M.D., D.D.S., J.D., L.L.B.)
What is the major field of study for the degree you are pursuing? (Please use the field codes on page 6 in filling out this question.)	156	Major field
For what purpose are you pursuing this degree and Mark (X) only one box.	157	1 ☐ To increase teacher salary 2 ☐ For professional development in current teaching field 3 ☐ To teach in another field 4 ☐ For a nonteaching position in elementary or secondary education 5 ☐ For an occupation outside elementary or secondary education 6 ☐ Other — Specify
How long do you plan to remain in teaching? Mark (X) only one box.	158	1 ☐ As long as able 2 ☐ Until eligible for retirement 3 ☐ Plan to leave teaching as soon as possible 4 ☐ Undecided Continue with question 24 SKIP to question 25
In how many years do you plan to retire from teaching?	159	Years
What do you expect your main activity will be during the next school year (1989-90)? Mark (X) only one box.	160	01 ☐ Teaching in this school 15 ☐ Teaching in another school 16 ☐ Teaching at the pre-kindergarten or post-secondary level 06 ☐ Attending a college or university 07 ☐ Working in a nonteaching occupation in the field of education 08 ☐ Working in an occupation outside the field of education 09 ☐ Homemaking and/or child rearing 10 ☐ Unemployed and seeking work 11 ☐ Military service 12 ☐ Retired 13 ☐ Other — Specify →
	What is the major field of study for the degree you are pursuing? (Please use the field codes on page 6 in filling out this question.) For what purpose are you pursuing this degree Mark (X) only one box. How long do you plan to remain in teaching? Mark (X) only one box. In how many years do you plan to retire from teaching? What do you expect your main activity will be during the next school year (1989–90)?	What is the major field of study for the degree you are pursuing? (Please use the field codes on page 6 in filling out this question.) For what purpose are you pursuing this degree? Mark (X) only one box. 157 How long do you plan to remain in teaching? Mark (X) only one box. 158 In how many years do you plan to retire from teaching? What do you expect your main activity will be during the next school year (1989–90)? 160

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s	ECT	ION III — YOUR OPINIONS		
		POSSIBLE STEPS SCHOOLS MIGHT (Use codes in ques		· · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	02 03 04 05 06	Providing higher salaries or better fringe benefits Improving opportunities for professional advancement Dealing more effectively with student discipline and making schools safer Giving teachers more authority in the school and in their own classrooms Increasing standards for students' academic performan Providing better resources and materials for classroom of Decreasing class size	09 10 11 12 ^{Ce} 13	Reducing the paperwork burden on teachers Providing more support for new teachers (e.g., mentor teacher programs) Increasing parent involvement in the schools Reducing teacher workload Providing merit pay or other pay incentives to teachers Providing teacher training in content areas and instructional methods
26a.	sch	at would be the most effective step that ools might take to encourage teachers to ain in teaching?	161	Most effective step — Enter code from above
b.		at would be the second most octive step?	162	Second step — Enter code from above
C.	Wha	at would be the third most effective step?	163	Third step — Enter code from above
Rema	arks			

SECT	TION III — YOUR OPINIONS — Continued	SECTION III — YOUR OPINIONS — Continued						
tea	w satisfied are you with EACH of the following aspects of ching? Are you (a) Very satisfied, (b) Somewhat satisfied, (c) newhat dissatisfied, or (d) Very dissatisfied with —	Very satisfied	Somewhat satisfied	Somewhat dissatisfied	Very dissatisfied			
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
(1)	Salary	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗔	4 🗆			
(2)	Benefits	165	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(3)	Opportunity for professional advancement	166	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(4)	Support/recognition of administrators	167	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(5)	Safety of school environment	168	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(6)	Your influence over school policies and practices	169	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(7)	Autonomy or control over your own classroom	170	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(8)	Professional caliber of colleagues	171 1	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(9)	The esteem of society for the teaching profession	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(10)	Procedures for evaluating your performance	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(11)	Teaching load	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆			
(12)	Availability of resources and materials/equipment for your classroom	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(13)	General working conditions	176	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆			
(14)	Job security	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(15)	Intellectual challenge	178	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆			
(16)	Student motivation to learn	179	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(17)	School learning environment	180	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(18)	Student discipline and behavior	181	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(19)	Class size	182	2 🗌	з 🗆	4 🗆			
(20)	Support from parents	183	2 🗌	з 🗆	4 🗆			

s	ECTION IV — PERSONAL INFORMATION		
28.	What is your current marital status?	184]
29.	How many children do you have who are dependent on you (and your spouse) for more than half of their financial support?	185	Number of children supported — Continue with question 30 None — SKIP to question 31
30.	What was the age of your youngest child on his/her last birthday? (If child is less than one year, please enter "O.")	186	Age of youngest child
31.	Do you have persons other than your spouse or children who are dependent on you for more than half of their financial support?	187	1 ☐ Yes — How many persons? ————————————————————————————————————
32. a.	The following questions refer to your before-tax earnings from teaching and other employment from mid-June 1988 to mid-June 1989. Include only YOUR earnings. Estimate to the nearest hundred dollars. If you do not receive income from a particular source, mark the "None" box. During the summer of 1988, how much did		
	you earn in — (1) Summer school salary from this or any other school?	189	\$ 00 o □ None
	(2) Other SCHOOL compensation for summer work at this or any other school?	190	\$ 00 o □ None
	(3) Earnings from NONSCHOOL employment during the summer of 1988?	191	\$ 00 o □ None
b.	What is your academic base year salary for teaching for the 1988–89 school year?	192	\$ 00
C.	During the 1988-89 school year, how much will you earn in additional compensation from your school(s) for extra curricular or additional activities such as coaching, student activity sponsorship, or evening classes?	193	\$ 00
d.	During the 1988–89 school year, how much will you earn from NONSCHOOL employment?	194	\$ 00 o □ None
e	What is your total earned income from mid- June 1988 to mid-June 1989? Your answer to this question should be equal to the	195	\$ 00
	sum of your answers to questions 32a-d.	!	U LI NOTIE

SECTION IV — PERSONAL INFORMATION — Continued						
33. Which category represents the total combined income of ALL FAMILY MEMBERS in your household during 1988? This includes money from jobs, net business or farm income, pensions, dividends, interest, rent, social security payments, and any other income received by family members in your household who are 14 years of age or older. Mark (X) only one box.	196 01 ☐ Less than \$10,000 02 ☐ \$10,000 — \$14,999 03 ☐ 15,000 — 19,999 04 ☐ 20,000 — 24,999 05 ☐ 25,000 — 29,999 06 ☐ 30,000 — 34,999 07 ☐ 35,000 — 39,999 08 ☐ 40,000 — 49,999 09 ☐ 50,000 — 59,999 10 ☐ 60,000 — 74,999 11 ☐ 75,000 — 99,999 12 ☐ 100,000 or more					
Remarks						

Appendix A-2

Teacher Followup Survey

Questionnaire for Former Teachers

OMB No.1850-0621 Approval Expires December 31, 1989

This report is authorized by the General Education Provisions Act (20 USC 1221e-1). Your answers will be kept strictly confidential. The release of information contained on this form is restricted in conformance with Public Law 100-297

Are you currently teaching —
full-time, part-time, or as a long- term
substitute— in grades K through 12?

002



Stop now and return this form to the Census Bureau in the enclosed envelope. You will be sent another form for teachers who are still teaching.



Please continue with this survey.

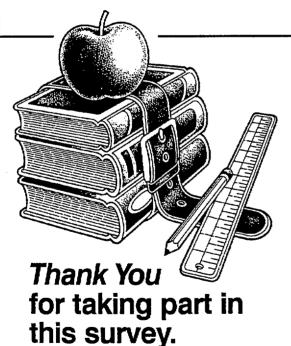
INSTRUCTIONS

Unless otherwise indicated, all questions refer to the 1988-89 school year.

If you are unsure about how to answer a question, please give the best answer you can and make a comment in the "Remarks" section.

If you have any questions, call the Bureau of the Census collect at (301)763-2220.

RETURN TO Bureau of the Census Current Projects Branch 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, IN 47132



U.S. Department of Commerce BUREAU OF THE CENSUS Acting as collecting Agent for U.S. Department of Education NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

003 1 🗵 OFFICE USE ONLY

50RM TFS -2 (L) (2-14-89)

Please correct any error in name and address including TiP Code

s	ECTION I — EMPLOYMENT STATUS	
1.	What is your PRIMARY OCCUPATIONAL status? Mark (X) only one box.	working in an elementary or secondary school with an assignment OTHER THAN teaching — Continue with question 2 Working in an occupation outside of elementary or secondary education — SKIP to question 3 Attending a college or university Homemaking and/or child rearing Retired Bisabled Other — Specify →
2.	What is your main school assignment? Mark (X) only one box.	assistant principal, director, head) 2 □ Nonteaching specialist (e.g., counselor, librarian) 3 □ Resource person for other teachers (e.g., department head, resource teacher, curriculum coordinator, mentor teacher) 4 □ Support staff (e.g., secretary, aide) 5 □ Coach 6 □ Other — Specify →
ans	swer questions 3a-e ONLY if you marked box 2 in wer to question 1 above. For whom do you work? (Record the name of the company, business, or ogranization.)	
b.	What kind of business or industry is this? (For example, retail shoe store, State Labor Department, bicycle manufacturer, farm.)	006
C.	What kind of work do you do? (Please record your job title; for example, electrical engineer, cashier, typist, farmer, loan officer.)	007
d.	What are your most important activities or duties at this job? (For example, typing, selling cars, driving delivery truck, caring for livestock.)	
e.	How would you classify yourself on this job? Mark (X) only one box.	oos 1 ☐ An employee of a PRIVATE company, business, or individual for wages, salary, or commission 2 ☐ A FEDERAL government employee 3 ☐ A STATE government employee 4 ☐ A LOCAL government employee 5 ☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in your own business, professional practice, or farm 6 ☐ Working WITHOUT PAY in a family business or farm 7 ☐ Working WITHOUT PAY in a volunteer job

8	ECTION I — EMPLOYMENT STATUS — Continu	red	
4.	Which of the following categories best describes your position as an EMPLOYEE? Mark (X) only one box.	009	1 Full-time employee 2 % time or more, but less than full-time employee 3 % time or more, but less than % time employee 4 % time or more, but less than % time employee 5 Less than % time employee
5.	Altogether, how much do you usually earn at this job before deductions?	010	\$
6.	How long do you plan to remain in this job? Mark (X) only one box.	012	1 As long as able 2 Until eligible for retirement Continue with question 7 3 Plan to leave as soon as possible SKIP to question 8
7.	In how many years do you plan to retire?	013	Years
8.	What do you expect your main activity will be during the next achool year (1989-90)? Mark (X) only one box.	014	14 ☐ Teaching any of grades K — 12 16 ☐ Teaching at the pre-kindergarten or post-secondary level 06 ☐ Attending a college or university 07 ☐ Working in a nonteaching occupation in the field of education 08 ☐ Working in an occupation outside the field of education 09 ☐ Homemaking and/or child rearing 10 ☐ Unemployed and seeking work 11 ☐ Military service 12 ☐ Retired 13 ☐ Other — Specify
Rema	arks		

s	SECTION II — EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES AND FUTURE PLANS						
9.	Have you earned any nev past year?	v degrees in the	015 1 ☐ Yes — Continue with question 10 2 ☐ No — SKIP to question 14				
10.	When did you earn this d	egree?	016 017 Month	1 9 Year			
11.	What type of degree is it	?	018 1 🗆 Bachelor's				
	Mark (X) only one box.		2 Master's 3 Education specialist or professional diploma (at least one year beyond master's level) 4 Doctorate (e.g., Ph.D., Ed.D.) 5 Professional (e.g., M.D., D.D.S., J.D., L.L.B.)				
	MAJOR FIELD CODE NUMBERS FOR QUESTIONS 12 AND 16						
		ERAL	EDUCAT				
	11 Agriculture and natural resources 12 Architecture and environmental design 13 Area and ethnic studies 14 Biological/life science 15 Business and management 16 Communications 17 Computer and information sciences 18 Engineering 19 Fine and applied arts 20 Foreign languages 21 Health professions 22 Home economics 23 Law 24 Letters (English, literature, spech, classics) 25 Library science 26 Mathematics 27 Military science 28 Multi/interdisciplinary studies 29 Philosophy and religion 30 Psychology 31 Public affairs and services 32 Theology	Physical sciences 33 Chemistry 34 Physics 35 Geology/earth science 36 Other physical sciences Social sciences 37 Economics 38 History 39 Political science and government 40 Sociology 41 Other social sciences 42 Other	General education 51 Elementary education 52 Pre-elementary/early childhood education 53 Secondary education 54 Agricultural education 55 Art education 56 Billingual education 57 Business, commerce, and distributive education 58 English as a second language 59 English education 60 Foreign languages education 61 Home economics education 62 Industrial arts, vocational and technical education 63 Mathematics education 64 Music education 65 Physical education/health education 66 Reading education 67 Science education 68 Social studies/social sciences education	82 Educational administration 82 Educational psychology 83 Student personnel and counseling 84 Other education			
12.	What is the major field odegree? (Use the field conquestion.)		Major field	1			
13.	For what purpose did yo	u earn this degree?	020 1 To increase salary				
	Mark (X) only one box.		2 ☐ For professional development in current field 3 ☐ To teach in a different field than the one taught last year 4 ☐ For a nonteaching position in elementary or secondary education 5 ☐ For an occupation outside elementary or secondary education other than current job 6 ☐ Other — Specify >				
14.	Are you currently enrolle	ed in a degree program?	1 □ No − SKIP to que	etian 18			
	Mark (X) only one box.		2 Yes, as a full-time 3 Yes, as a part-time	student Continue with			

s	SECTION II — EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES AND FUTURE PLANS — Continued						
15.	What type of degree are you pursuing? Mark (X) only one box.	1 Bachelor's 2 Master's 3 Education specialist or professional diploma 4 Doctorate (e.g., Ph.D., Ed.D.) 5 Professional (e.g., M.D., D.D.S., J.D., L.L.B.)					
16.	What is the major field of study for the degree you are pursuing? (Please use the field codes on page 4 in filling out this question.)	Major field					
17.	For what purpose are you pursuing this degree? Mark (X) only one box.	1 ☐ To increase current salary 2 ☐ For professional development in current field 3 ☐ To teach in a different field than the one taught last year 4 ☐ For a nonteaching position in elementary or secondary education 5 ☐ For an occupation outside elementary or secondary education other than current job 6 ☐ Other — Specify →					
18.	Do you plan to return to teaching? Mark (X) only one box.	O25 Yes — Continue with question 19 2 No — SKIP to question 21a 3 Undecided — Continue with question 19					
19.	How soon might you return to teaching? Mark (X) only one box.	1 Later this school year 2 Next year 3 Within five years 4 More than five years from now 5 Undecided					
20.	At which level would you teach? Mark (X) all that apply.	1 Pre-kindergarten 2 Elementary (including kindergarten) 3 Junior high/middle school 4 High school 5 Post-secondary					
21a.	Do you have a "lifetime" teaching certificate?	1 Yes — SKIP to question 23a 2 No — Continue with question 21b					
b.	Has there been a change in your teacher certification status since last year? Mark (X) all that apply.	1 No change 2 Yes — Certification has lapsed 3 Yes — Certification has been upgraded from temporary or emergency to a regular certificate 4 Yes — Certified in a different field 5 Other change — Specify					
22.	Do you plan to maintain or reinstate your teaching certificate?	030 1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No 3 ☐ Undecided					

SECTION III — YOUR OPINIONS						
POSSIBLE REASONS FOR LEAVING THE TEACHING PROFESSION (Use codes in questions 23a, b, and c)						
 O1 Family or personal move O2 Pregnancy/child rearing O3 Health O4 To retire O5 To pursue another career O6 For better salary or benefits O7 To take courses to improve career opportunities in the field of education 	 O8 To take courses to improve career opportunities outside the field of education O9 School staffing action (e.g., reduction-in-force, lay-off, school closing, school reorganization, reassignment) To take a sabbatical or other break from teaching Dissatisfied with teaching as a career Other family or personal reason 					
23a. What was your main reason for leaving the teaching profession?	Main reason — Enter code from above					
b. Did you have a second reason for leaving?	1 Yes — What was your second reason? (Enter code, then continue with 23c)					
C. Did you have a third reason for leaving?	1 Yes - What was your third 035 reason? (Enter code)					
23d. Did you enter code 11 for one of your reasons in question 23a, b, or c?	036 1 ☐ Yes — Continue with question 23e 2 ☐ No — SKIP to question 24a					
POSSIBLE AREAS OF DISSATISFACTION (Use codes in questions 23e, f, and g)						
 O1 Poor opportunity for professional advancement O2 Inadequate support from administration O3 Unsafe working environment O4 Lack of influence over school policies and practices O5 Lack of control over own classroom 	 06 Lack of professional competence of colleagues 07 Poor student motivation to learn 08 Generally poor working conditions 09 Class sizes too large 10 Student discipline problems 11 Poor salary 					
236. What was your main area of dissatisfaction with the teaching profession?	Main dissatisfaction — Enter code from above					
f. Did you have a second area of dissatisfaction?	O38 1 Yes - What was your second area? O39 (Enter code, then continue with 23g)					
g. Did you have a third area of dissatisfaction?	040 1 Yes - What was your third 041 area? (Enter code)					

SECTION III — YOUR OPINIONS — Continued						
POSSIBLE STEPS SCHOOLS MIGHT TAKE TO ENCOURAGE TEACHERS (Use codes in questions 24a, b, and c)						
 O1 Providing higher salaries or better fringe benefits O2 Improving opportunities for professional advancement O3 Dealing more effectively with student discipline and making schools safer O4 Giving teachers more authority in the school and in their own classrooms O5 Increasing standards for students' academic performance O6 Providing better resources and materials for classroom O7 Decreasing class size 	teacher programs) 10 Increasing parent involvement in the schools 11 Reducing teacher workload 12 Providing merit pay or other pay incentives to teachers 13 Providing teacher training in content areas and					
24a, What would be the most effective step that schools might take to encourage teachers to remain in teaching?	Most effective step — Enter code from above					
b. What would be the second most effective step?	Second step — Enter code from above					
C. What would be the third most effective step?	Third step — Enter code from above					
Remarks						

is ye (i.e.	SECTION III — YOUR OPINIONS — Continued Is your primary occupational status "working" (i.e., box 1 or 2 marked in question 1)? 1 Yes — Continued 1 Yes — Continued 2 No — SKIP				
occ indi	www.www.www.www.www.www.www.www.www.ww		in ng	Better in current position	No difference
(C) s	to unfalance.	(a)		(b)	(c)
(1)	Salary	1 [2 🗌	з 🗆
(2)	Opportunities for professional advancement	1 [2 🗆	з 🗆
(3)	Recognition and support from administrators/managers	1		2 🗆	з 🗆
(4)	Safety of environment	1		2 🗆	з 🗆
(5)	Influence over workplace policies and practices	1		2 🗆	з 🗆
(6)	Autonomy or control over your own work	051		2 🗌	з 🗆
(7)	Professional prestige	052 t [2 🗆	з 🗆
(8)	Benefits	053]	2 🗆	з 🗆
(9)	Procedures for performance evaluation	1		2 🗆	з 🗌
(10)	Manageability of workload	055		2 🗆	з 🗌
(11)	Availability of resources and materials for doing job	056		2 🗆	з 🗆
(12)	General work conditions	057 1 [2 🗆	3 🗀
(13)	Job security	058		2 🗆	з 🗆
(14)	Professional caliber of colleagues	059		2 🗆	з 🗆
(15)	Intellectual challenge	060		2 🗆	3 🗆
(16)	Overall job satisfaction	061		2 🗌	з 🗆

(1) Sala (2) Ber (3) Opp		062 063	1 🗆	(b) 2	(c) 3 🗆	(d) 4 🗆
(2) Ber ————————————————————————————————————	nefits portunity for professional advancement	063				4 🗆
(3) Opp	portunity for professional advancement		1 🗆	2 🗆		
(4) Sup		064			з 🗌	4 🗆
	pport/recognition of administrators/managers		1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆
(5) Saf		065	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗌	4 🗆
	fety of environment	066	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆
(6) You	ur influence over work policies and practices	067	1 🗆	2 🗆	з□	4 🗆
(7) Ant	tonomy or control over your own work	068	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆
(8) Pro	ressional caliber of colleagues	069	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆
(9) The	e esteem of society for your profession	070	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆
(10) Pro	ocedures for evaluating your performance	071	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆
(11) Wo	orkload	072	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆
(12) Ava	ailability of resources and materials/equipment for doing job	073	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆
(13) Ger	neral working conditions		1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆
(14) Job	o security	075	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆
(15) Inte	ellectual challenge	076	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗌	4 🗆

SECTION IV — PERSONAL INFORMATION					
28.	What is your current marital status?	C77 1 ☐ Married 2 ☐ Widowed, divorced, or separated 3 ☐ Never married			
29.	How many children do you have who are dependent on you (and your spouse) for more than half of their financial support?	Number of children supported — Continue with question 30 None — SKIP to question 31			
30.	What was the age of your youngest child on his/her last birthday? (If child is less than one year, please enter "O.")	Age of youngest child			
31.	Do you have persons other than your spouse or children who are dependent on you for more than half of their financial support?	080 1 Yes — How many persons?			
32.	Which category represents the total combined income of ALL FAMILY MEMBERS in your household during 1988? This includes money from jobs, net business or farm income, pensions, dividends, interest, rent, social security payments, and any other income received by family members in your household who are 14 years of age or older. Mark (X) only one box.	082 01 ☐ Less than \$10,000 02 ☐ \$10,000 — \$14,999 03 ☐ 15,000 — 19,999 04 ☐ 20,000 — 24,999 05 ☐ 25,000 — 29,999 06 ☐ 30,000 — 34,999 07 ☐ 35,000 — 39,999 08 ☐ 40,000 — 49,999 09 ☐ 50,000 — 59,999 10 ☐ 60,000 — 74,999 11 ☐ 75,000 — 99,999 12 ☐ 100,000 or more			

SECTION V — RESPONDENT INFORMATION							
The survey you have completed may involve a brief followup at a later time in order to gain information on former teachers' movements in the labor force. The following information would assist us in contacting you if you move or change jobs.							
 Please PRINT your name, your spouse's name (if applicable), your home address, telephone number, and most convenient time to reach you. 							
083 1 ☐ Same as address label							
Your name Spouse's full name							
Street address							
City		State	ZIP Code				
Telephone number (Include area code)	In wi	nose name is the telephone number listed?	(Mark (X) only one)				
(1) 1		1 ☐ No phone	•				
Days/times convenient to reach you	1	2 My name					
		3 ☐·Other — Specify					
34. What are the names and addresses of two other people who will know where to get in touch with you during the coming years? List no more than one person who now lives with you. Remember to record the relationship of these persons to you (for example, parent, friend, sister, cousin, etc.)							
Name 085 Relationship to you							
Street address							
City State ZIP Code							
Telephone number (Include area code)	In wi	nose name is the telephone number listed?	(Mark (X) only one)				
()	1 No phone						
2 □ Name entered above							
3 □ Other — Specify							
Name 086 Relationship to you							
Street address							
City		State	ZIP Code				
Telephone number (Include area code)	In wi	nose name is the telephone number listed?	Mark (X) only one)				
() 1 □ No phone							
2 ☐ Name entered above							
3 ☐ Other — Specify							
THIS COMPLETES THE QUESTIONNAIRE. THANK YOU FOR ASSISTING US IN THIS IMPORTANT RESEARCH.							
YOUR TIME AND EFFORT ARE MUCH APPRECIATED.							

United States Department of Education Washington, D.C. 20208–5651

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